■ Table 0.64 1/2
Early school-leavers, by Länder<sup>12</sup>

Federal Land	2005	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 <sup>3</sup>
	1,000									
Baden-Württemberg	117	91	76	85	80	89	83	81	98	100
Bavaria	116	96	61	79	74	72	74	82	100	98
Berlin	54	42	35	27	31	31	27	24	24	34
Brandenburg	24	18	12	12	14	14	13	С	(17)	(18)
Bremen	11	8	7	7	7	9	10	(9)	9	11
Hamburg	27	20	15	17	15	15	18	(17)	(19)	20
Hesse	70	56	45	50	48	51	50	61	68	69
Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania	21	13	7	10	8	10	10	13	13	14
Lower Saxony	95	86	62	74	71	67	72	63	81	86
North Rhine-Westphalia	226	209	154	157	159	165	154	146	172	170
Rhineland-Palatinate	56	50	39	38	38	36	37	32	43	41
Saarland	17	10	9	8	9	8	8	С	(9)	(7)
Saxony	33	26	18	16	18	16	18	20	22	22
Saxony-Anhalt	27	21	12	12	14	10	16	(16)	21	18
Schleswig-Holstein	32	28	21	22	19	22	23	25	28	31
Thuringia	18	11	9	9	9	9	11	(11)	14	13
Länder, total	943	784	581	623	614	623	625	617	740	753
EU average <sup>4</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

## ■ Table 0.64 2/2 Early school-leavers, by Länder<sup>12</sup>

Federal Land	2005	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 <sup>3</sup>
	Share (%)									
Baden-Württemberg	12.5	9.8	8.3	9.4	8.7	9.7	9.2	9.2	11.4	11.4
Bavaria	11.2	9.4	6.2	7.6	7.2	7.2	7.6	8.4	10.2	9.8
Berlin	18.7	14.6	13.7	11.7	13.2	13.6	11.6	9.9	9.5	13.2
Brandenburg	10.2	9.6	11.6	11.0	12.3	11.5	10.8	С	(13.4)	(12.9)
Bremen	19.1	14.3	11.5	11.1	10.9	14.6	16.0	(15.6)	16.6	20.6
Hamburg	21.2	13.2	12.6	12.8	11.4	11.6	14.0	(11.5)	(12.9)	14.0
Hesse	13.3	11.8	9.5	10.5	10.2	10.7	10.3	12.6	14.5	14.6
Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania	14.0	9.2	10.6	13.6	9.8	11.1	11.4	13.9	14.4	14.4
Lower Saxony	16.0	13.9	10.7	12.1	11.3	11.0	11.9	10.3	13.3	13.8
North Rhine-Westphalia	15.8	14.6	11.4	11.4	11.6	12.0	11.2	10.7	12.9	12.8
Rhineland-Palatinate	16.4	15.5	12.2	11.8	11.7	11.5	11.6	10.4	14.3	13.8
Saarland	20.6	13.2	12.2	10.3	11.7	11.8	11.5	С	(13.9)	(11.0)
Saxony	9.8	7.6	8.4	7.7	8.6	7.5	8.3	8.2	9.3	8.9
Saxony-Anhalt	12.4	11.7	12.2	11.2	13.6	9.1	12.7	(13.5)	16.6	14.1
Schleswig-Holstein	15.1	12.6	10.6	10.7	9.1	10.1	11.0	11.7	13.8	15.2
Thuringia	6.6	6.3	8.3	8.8	8.7	8.5	9.6	(9.5)	11.6	10.9
Länder, total	13.8	11.9	9.8	10.3	10.1	10.3	10.3	10.2	12.4	12.4
EU average <sup>4</sup>	15.6	14.1	11.0	10.7	10.6	10.6	10.3	9.9	9.7	9.6

Data in parentheses ( ) = statement value limited because the numerical value is statistically uncertain. / c = too few observations to provide reliable estimates. The calculation of the Länder averages includes those figures.

- 1 Population aged 18 to under 25 who are not in education or training and do not have an upper secondary education degree. The German Sustainable Development Strategy 2021 sets a target of 9.5% for this indicator by the year 2030.
- 2 The comparability of the results of the 2017 Microcensus with previous years is limited by methodological effects (including a change in the sample basis to the 2011 census) as well as the unusually strong immigration, especially by asylum seekers. Technical problems and ongoing effects of the Corona pandemic led to restrictions in the data collection for the Microcensus in the reporting years 2020 and 2021. Therefore, the year 2020 is only very limitedly comparable to previous years. In the years 2021 and 2022, these effects were significantly less pronounced than in the respective previous year.
- 3 Preliminary results of the 2022 Microcensus. The increased immigration in 2022 is not fully reflected in the Microcensus, which may have potential effects on the interpretation of results.
- 4 The category EU average reflects the current status of EU membership of the states in the respective reference year (as of 2020, EU countries without the United Kingdom).

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Source: Federal Statistical Office (Internationale Bildungsindikatoren im Ländervergleich, special evaluation of the Microcensus)

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